# Multi-Loop Controller Instruction Manual

#### 1. Features:

1.1.4 channels of temperature controls up to 4 channels in a compact 1/4 DIN size.

4 kinds of combinations of temperature set value, PID constant, alarm set value, etc.

1.1.Input Sensor Types

Thermocouple (temperature input): K, J, T, E, S

Resistance thermometer (temperature input): Pt100, CU50

#### 1.2.Control Outputs

A control output can be a relay output, voltage output (for driving SSR), or current output, depending on the model.

#### 1.3.Adjusting PID Constants

Can be easily set the optimum PID constants by performing AT (auto-tuning) with the limit cycle method.

1.4.Standard Alarms

Can be output an alarm when the deviation, process value, set point, or manipulated value reaches a specified value.

1.5 Sampling Time: 2 sec

1.6.Use this controller within the following allowable range:

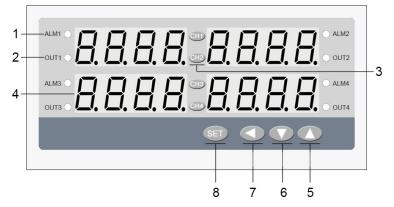
Allowable ambient temperature: -0 to +55 °C

Allowable ambient humidity: 5 to 85 % RH.

#### 2. Dimensions:

h×w×d(Unit: mm) 96×96×112 Panel cutout 92×92

#### 3. Parts Description:



1 ALM: lamp Lights when Event occurs

#### 3 Channel key:

You can press 'CH1~4' for 3 seconds to enter into

corresponding channel menu.

#### 5 Up key:

Increase numerals.

**7Shift key:** Shift digits when settings are changed.

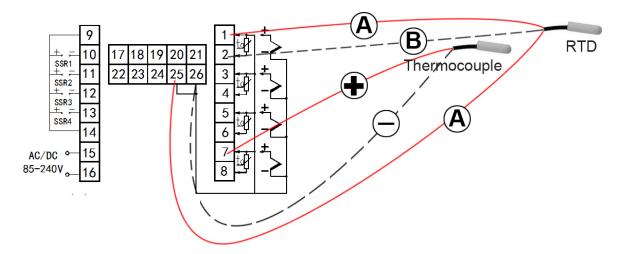
2 Output lamp: Lights when output is turned on4 PV display:Displays Measured value (PV)

#### 6 Down key:

Decrease numerals

8 Set (SET) key: Used for parameter calling up and set value registration.

# 4. Terminal Arrangement:



## 5. Parameters

ID	Symbol	Name	Manual	Setting range	Ex-Factory
The pub	ic paramete	rs(First level)			
0	LocK	Set data lock	LOCK=18, Set data unlock LOCK≠18, Set data lock.	0~50	18
1	TS	Input type	e Cu50; Pt2 (pt100); K; E;J;T; S ·		-
2	ALP	Alarm type	0: Alarm function OFF; 1:Process high alarm; 2:Process low alarm; 3: Deviation High alarm ; 4: Deviation low alarm; 5: Band alarm 6: Out of band alarm.	0-6	0
3	Kt	PID control cycle.	PID control response time		120
4	Dp	Decimal point position selection	Set the position of the decimal point for the measured value to be displayed.	0-1	1
5	P-SH	Range high	Input range		0
6	P-SL	Range low	Input range.		9999
7	OP-B	AUX output Opt.	0:no output; 1:RS232 or RS485; 2:contact the micro-printer; '	0-2	0
8	Addr	Address	Communication address can be set from 0 to 255	1~255	1

9	Baud	Communication speed	1200; 2400; 4800; 9600;	-	9600
The Para	ameters of	each channels(Sec	ond level)		
1	SP+N (1~4)	SettingValuesOfchannelN,(N=1-4)Set the temperature set value (SV) which is the target value for control		Determined by P-SL P-SH	100
2	AL+N	Alarm value		0	
3	PB+N	PV Bias	The value set in the PV bias is added to the actual input value to correct the input value.	±20.0	0.0
4	kP+N	Proportional band Set when PI or PID control is performance. For heating / cooling PID action. When P=0,the controller is ON/OFF control		1~100	100
5	kl+N	Integral time	Eliminates offset occurring in proportional control.	0~3000	500
6	kD+N	Derivative time	Prevents overshoot and/or undershoot caused by integral action effect	0~2000S	100S
7	Hy+N	Differential gap	When the control is ON/OFF control(P=0) Relay contact may repeat its turning ON and OFF due to input fluctuation if measured value (PV) is near the alarm set value.the differential gap setting can prevent the relay contact from ON or OFF repetition.	0.1~50.0	1.0
8	AT+N	Auto tuning	1: AT with learning start 0: AT with learning stop	0~1	0
9	COL+N	Hot/Cold	<ul><li>'0':reverse control(heating)</li><li>'1':positive control(cooling)</li></ul>	0~1	0

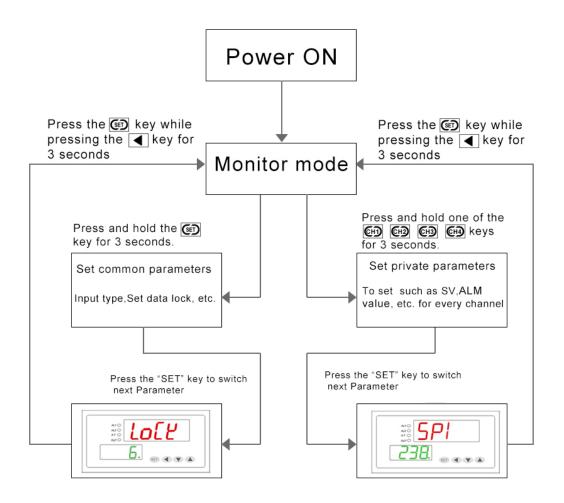
### 6. Operation

#### 6.1 First level menu setting

Press SET key for 3 seconds around enter first level menu, meanwhile the first route display window and the second display window show the symbol of the parameters and parameter value. User can press  $\blacktriangleleft$  (shift key) and  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $\blacktriangledown$  key to modify the parameter value. After finish modifying parameter then press SET key save and then set next parameter.

### 6.2 Second level menu setting.

Press CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 key for 3 seconds then enter into each channel's second level menu.User can press  $\blacktriangleleft$ (shift key) and  $\blacktriangle$ ,  $\blacktriangledown$  key to modify the parameter value. After finish modifying parameter then press SET key save and then set next parameter.

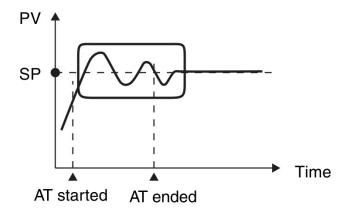


#### 7.Determining PID Constants(Auto-tuning)

When AT is executed, the optimum PID constants for the set point at that time are set automatically. A method (called the limit cycle method) for forcibly changing the manipulated variable and finding the characteristics of the control object is employed.

Set parameter HY as 0.5, if the output is relay set the t as 2, then set the AT as 1, in this time the controller enter into **Auto-tuning**. PV window will alternately Display "AT" and PV value, now meter's control way is on-off mode, after 3 times vibrating( 3 control period) automatic save P, I, D parameter, the self-adjusting procession finished.

Operation will be as shown in the following diagram:



#### Attentions:

when **Auto-tuning**, the controller should not change the set value.

When the power off during **Auto-tuning**, it will restart **Auto-tuning** next time.

When it need artificially exit during **Auto-tuning**, set the Parameter(AT) to 0 so that can exit, but the setting result will not be valid.

Alarm (ALM) function	Alarm status[ON]	Alarm status[OFF]
Process high alarm	Measured value>Alarm set value	Measured value <alarm set="" td="" value<=""></alarm>
Process low alarm	Measured value <alarm set="" td="" value<=""><td>Measured value&gt;Alarm set value</td></alarm>	Measured value>Alarm set value
Deviation high alarm	Measured value>Alarm set value + Set value	Measured value>Alarm set value + Set value
Deviation low alarm	Measured value <alarm -="" set="" td="" value="" value<=""><td>Measured value&gt;Alarm set value - Set value</td></alarm>	Measured value>Alarm set value - Set value
	Measured value <alarm +="" set="" td="" value="" value<=""><td>Measured value&gt;Alarm set value + Set value</td></alarm>	Measured value>Alarm set value + Set value
Band alarm	And	Or
	Measured value>Alarm set value - Set value	Measured value <alarm -="" set="" td="" value="" value<=""></alarm>
	Measured value>Alarm set value + Set value	Measured value <alarm +="" set="" td="" value="" value<=""></alarm>
Out of band alarm	Or	And
	Measured value <alarm -="" set="" td="" value="" value<=""><td>Measured value&gt;Alarm set value - Set value</td></alarm>	Measured value>Alarm set value - Set value

### 9. Model and Suffix Code

Specifications	Model and Suffix Code							
Model	КС							
SIZE	160×80mm panel cutout :152×76mm	М						
	96×96mm panel cutout :92×92mm MA							
	72×72mm panel cutout :68×68mm	MD						
	88×107×59mm DIN 35 rail mounting socket	MR						
Number of channel	2channels		XJ2					
	4channels		XJ4				□ G A	
	8channels		XJ8					
	16channels(No output ,Only digital indicator)		XJ16					
Number alarm	alarm No alarm							
	1 Alarm relay out for each channel			1				
Input Type	Thermocouple: K, E,J, R, S, T,RTD : Pt100, Cu50				W			
Input TypeThermocouple: K, E,J, R, S, T,RTD : Pt100, Cu50DC voltage : 0 to 5V, 1 to 5V or Current0 to 10 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA	20 mA E	C	A					
	Thermocouple, RTD, DC voltage or Current Fixed input	ut type	per cha	nnel	м			
Control output	ermocouple, RTD, DC voltage or Current Fixed input type per channel M							
Two control methods are	Voltage pulse(for driving SSR)					G		
supported: PID control and	Analog output (DC current:4-20mA DC) only for 4chann	els cor	ntroller			А		
ON/OFF control	Zero-cross output(for driving Triac)					в		
Power supply voltage	100 to 240V AC							
	24V DC						1	
Communications	RS-485(2-wire system: MODBUS-RTU)					G A B	RS	
	RS-232(3-wire system: MODBUS-RTU)							RX
	Transfer Output: the measured value (PV) of each chan	nnel as	a 4 to 2	0 mA	transf	er outp	out.	BS

# 10. Host communication based on MODBUS-RTU protocol [OPTIONAL]

The master controls communication between master and slave. A typical message consists of a request (query message) sent from the master followed by an answer (response message) from the slave. When master begins data transmission, a set of data is sent to the slave in a fixed sequence. When it is received, the slave decodes it, takes the necessary action, and returns data to the master.

#### 10.1 Communication Mode:

Data bit length	Stop bits	Parity bit	Communication time interval
8-bit (Binary)	1,2	NONE	300ms

#### 10.2 Message length of each function (Unit: byte):

Function code	Function	Query message		Response message	
(Hexadecimal)	Function	Min	Max	Min	Max
03H	Read holding registers	8	8	7	7
06H	Preset single register	8	8	8	8

#### 10.3 Message format

Slave address	The slave address is a number from 1 to 255 manually set at the front key panel of the controller.
Function code	Refer to 2. Message length of each function
Data	The data to execute the function specified by the function code is sent to the slave and corresponding data returned to the master from the slave.
CRC-16	CRC-16: Cyclic Redundancy Check)

### 10.4 Read holding registers [03H]

The query message specifies the starting register address and quantity of registers to be read.

1 7	5 1	5 5	1 3 5					
Slave address	Function code	Register	Quantity	CRC16				
	03H	address	The setting must be 1					
Example: The co	Example: The contents of the holding register 1001H are the read out from slave address 1.							
Query message:	Query message: 01 03 10 01 00 01 D1 0A							
Response message: 01 03 02 00 FD 79 C5								
Explain: 00FD=2	Explain: 00FD=253,is processed as 25.3							

### 10.5 Preset single register [06H]

The query message specifies data to be written into the designated holding register. Only R/W holding registers can be specified. The controller EEPROM had a life span of data written to the EEPROM less than 1000,000 times

Slave address	Function code	Register	Write data	CRC16			
		address					
Example: Data is written into the holding register 0004H of slave address 1.							
Query message: 01 06 00 04 FF 38 88 29							
Response message: 01 06 00 04 FF 38 88 29							
When input set value(SV) is -20.0,-20.0 is processed as -200,-200=0000H-00C8H=FF38H							

10.6 No response

The slave ignores the query message and does not respond when:

- The slave address in the query message does not coincide with any slave address settings.
- The CRC code of the master does not coincide with that of the slave.
- Transmission error such as overrun, framing, parity and etc., is found in the query message.
- The Communication time interval less than 300ms.

Decimal point	Real Register	Holding Register
YES	1001H~1004H	44098~44101
(Refer to 5. Parameters)		
NO	0000H	40001
NO	0001H	40002
NO	0002H	40003
NO	0003H	40004
NO	0004H	40005
YES	0005H	40006
YES	0006H	40007
NO	0007H	40008
NO	0008H	40009
NO	0009H	40010
1 1 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)	
-	000AH~0012H	40011~40019
2 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)	
-	0013H~001BH	40020~40028
3 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)	
-	001CH~0024H	40029~40037
4 (Refer to 5. Parameter	s)	
-	0025H~002DH	40038~40046
	YES   (Refer to 5. Parameters)   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   NO   YES   YES   YES   NO   I (Refer to 5. Parameter   -   I (Refer to 5. Parameter	YES 1001H~1004H   (Refer to 5. Parameters) 0000H   NO 0001H   NO 0002H   NO 0003H   NO 0004H   YES 0005H   YES 0006H   NO 0007H   NO 0007H   NO 0008H   NO 0009H   1 (Refer to 5. Parameters)   - 000AH~0012H   4 2 (Refer to 5. Parameters)   - 0013H~001BH   3 (Refer to 5. Parameters)   - 001CH~0024H

10.7 Register address list:

#### Character Symbols : This manual indicates 9-segment display characters as shown below.

A	в	С	D	E	F	G	н	I	J	κ	L	м
8	Ь	Ľ	б	Ε	F	L.	Н	1	J	Ľ	L	ñ
Ν	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	Y				
-	0	0	0	_	r	1	U	11				ĺ